Class : VIII DHARMA SHIKSHA (English Medium)

(Summative Assessment - I)

Please check that this question paper contains 34 questions and 4 printed pages.

Time : 3 Hrs.

General Instructions :

- 1. The question paper is divided into 5 sections i.e. A, B, C, D & E.
- All the questions are compulsory. 2.
- Write the same serial number against your answer as given for the question 3. in question paper.

SECTION - A

Note : Choose the right option and write it for question numbers 1-10.

1.	Religious people attain God by performing :					
	(a)	Functions	(b)	Yajnas		
	(c)	road shows	(d)	rallies		
2.	Wha	What do you mean by the word Veda?				
	(a)	Vidwan	(b)	Intelligence		
	(c)	Ignorance	(d)	Knowledge		
3.	God	l can only be worshipped in		in one's heart, because it is here in		
	that	he truly lives.			1	
	(a)	Silence	(b)	loud chanting		
	(c)	murmuring	(d)	anger		
4.	Which of the following 'Veda' says that 'य एक इत तमुश्टहि'?					
	(a)	Rig Veda	(b)	Yajur Veda		
	(c)	Sama Veda	(d)	Panchama Veda		
5.	The	knowledge that God gives is		for all times.	1	
	(a)	Fluctuating	(b)	Infinite		
	(c)	changing	(d)	constant		
6.	The person one who sees God as fire, calls him;				1	
	(a)	Varuna	(b)	Prithvi		
	(c)	Agni	(d)	Anthariksh		
VIII-D	HARA	M SHIKSHA	(1)			

Maximum Marks: 90

7.	There are Vedas.			1	
	(a) 6	(b)	3		
	(c) 5	(d)	4		
8.	'God is present everywhere'. Che the following :	oose t	he appropriate term for this from	1	
	(a) Omniscient	(b)	Omnipotent		
	(c) Omnipresent	(d)	Omnivolent		
9.	Indian scholars such as Dr. Pasricha of the well known institute at Bangalore has also participated in the research spread over many long years. (a) Industrial training of Acharya (b) NIMHANS				
	(c) Hotel Management	(d)	Nadgir Polytechnic Management		
10.	means good and proper behaviour of human beings towards every object in the universe.			1	
	(a) Dharma	(b)	Community		
	(c) Population	(d)	Religion		
SECTION - B					
11.	Name the four Rishis who were given of creation of human life.	the Ve	dic knowledge by God at the beginning	2	

12.	(a) Who was the author of the great epic Mahabharata?(b) Which book of laws describes all aspects of dharma?	2
13.	"You reap what you sow". Elaborate the proverb.	2
14.	"Although God exists within us, we cannot see him". Then, how can we feel his presence?	2
15.	Complete : (a) यतो भ्युदयानि: (b) By whom are these words spoken?	2
16.	What does the word Sanskara mean? How many sanskaras are to be performed during a person's life from birth till death?	2
17.	complete the given saying and write its meaning. एकम सद्विप्रा	2

VIII-DHARAM SHIKSHA

SECTION - C

18.	(a) 'Satyameva Jayate Nanritam' Give the meaning.		
	(b)	The concept of high born or low born is	
	(c)	We should serve the as true worship of God.	3
19.	'Gay	atri Mantra' is considered so important. Why?	3
20.	Nan	ne six festivals which should be celebrated by the Aryas.	3
21.	(a) (b)	What is the major difference between 'Dharma and Religion'? Name the first dimension of dharma that one should practise in life.	3
22.		at was not needed by God to give the Vedic knwledge to Rishis? How did God art this knowledge to Rishis?	3
23.	एक	e the accurate meaning for the following 'Upanishad' sloka : । देव: सर्व भूतेषु गूढ:। व्यापी सर्व भूतांतरात्मा।।	3
24.	Wha	t do Vedas instruct human beings?	3

SECTION - D

25.	Desc	cribe '	Social dharma' in your own words. (any 4 points)	4
26.	Explain 'Balivaishvadeva Yajna' in brief and who takes care of this yajna in modern times?			4
27.	How does remembering that God exists within us benefit us?			4
28.	(a)	यथेम	वाचं चार्याय चारणायच स्वाय।	
			चायाय चारणायच स्वाया	
	(b)	"Risl	ni Dayanand had given some instructions regarding the study of the	
		Veda	as". List them	2+2=4
29.	(a) इभावास्यमिदं			
	(b)	(i)	God is without any conceivable form.	
		(ii)	People use the prefix before the names of certain great	
			men like Rama, Krishna, Buddha etc., out of deep regard of them.	2+2=4

VIII-DHARAM SHIKSHA

SECTION - E

30. List out the ten aspects of 'dharma'.

OR

5

5

5

Explain any five aspects of National Dharma.

31. If the law of karma is correct, why do many people believe in cleaning up their sins by bathing in the river Ganga or propitiating some deity?

OR

Explain the essence of the given 'Mahabharata sloka' सत्यम् तीर्थम्ए क्षमा तीर्थ तीर्थमिन्द्रियन्ग्रिह: ब्रहाचर्य परतीर्थए अहिंसा तीर्थमुच्चते सर्वभूतदया तीर्थए तीर्थमार्जवमेव च तीर्थानामुतम तीर्थ विभुद्धिर्मनस: पुन:

32. How should one lead life according to Vedas?

OR

Complete the given saying of Bhagavadgita and write its meaning. ______ तमभ्यर्च्य ______

33.	(a) Describe 'yajna' according to yajnalkya'				
	(b) What is the true purpose of yajna?				
	(c) Mention all the connotations of yajna and give their meaning.	1+1+3=5			
	OR				
	What is Brahma Yajna? How does one benefit from this yajna?				
34.	Explain 'Deva yajna' in detail.	5			
	OR				
	(a) What is meant by the term Atithi?				
	(b) What do you mean by Atithi yajna?				

- (c) How should one welcome an Atithi?
- (d) What is pitri yajna? What is its benefit? 1+1+1+2=5

VIII-DHARAM SHIKSHA